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Virtual Reality in Criminal Trials: Legal Implications and Challenges in India

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ABSTRACT

Virtual Reality (VR) is an emerging technology that offers immersive and interactive experiences to users. The technology has the potential to revolutionize the way criminal trials are conducted, offering benefits such as enhanced witness testimony, improved jury understanding, and increased access to crime scenes. However, the use of VR in criminal trials also raises several legal implications and challenges. This article aims to examine the legal implications of using VR in criminal trials in India, including issues of admissibility, authenticity, and privacy. It will also explore the challenges that arise from the use of VR in criminal trials, such as the potential for manipulation and bias. By analyzing the legal framework governing criminal trials in India and the potential impacts of VR technology, this article aims to contribute to the ongoing discourse surrounding the use of emerging technologies in the legal system.

Keywords: Virtual Reality, Trials, Courtrooms, Challenges, Implications.

I. Introduction

The use of virtual reality in criminal trials is a relatively new concept in India. It is a technology that has the potential to revolutionize how evidence is presented in courtrooms. Virtual reality (VR) refers to a technology that creates a simulated environment or experience, typically through the use of a headset or other equipment that immerses the user in a 3D computergenerated environment. Virtual reality can be used to create a three-dimensional representation of a crime scene, which can help the judge and the jury to better understand the facts of the case. This technology can also be used to recreate a witness's perspective of the crime or recreate a crime scenario, which can help in determining the guilt or innocence of the accused. The use of VR technology in criminal trials has the potential to revolutionize the way criminal proceedings are conducted by providing immersive and interactive experiences to jurors, witnesses, and judges.

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² Zheng JM, Chan KW and Gibson I, "Virtual Reality" (1998) 17 IEEE Potentials 20.

II. THE LEGAL IMPLICATIONS OF USING VIRTUAL REALITY IN CRIMINAL TRIALS

Virtual reality has been making waves in various industries and has been recently introduced in the legal system as well. In criminal trials, virtual reality can be used to recreate crime scenes, provide visual evidence, and help the jury understand complex concepts. ³ However, the use of virtual reality in criminal trials also raises several legal implications that need to be addressed.

One major concern is the authenticity and accuracy of the virtual reality evidence. The defense can argue that the evidence is manipulated or tampered with, leading to a biased trial. It is important to establish a standard for the creation and presentation of virtual reality evidence to ensure the accuracy and authenticity of the evidence presented in court.⁴

Another concern is the privacy of the victims and witnesses involved in the crime. The use of virtual reality may expose their identities or personal information, leading to privacy violations. The legal system needs to establish guidelines and protocols to ensure the privacy of those involved.

Moreover, the use of virtual reality in criminal trials may also raise questions about the admissibility of evidence. The legal system needs to determine the criteria for the acceptance of virtual reality evidence and its relevance to the case.

III. CHALLENGES

One of the biggest challenges is ensuring that the technology is accurate and reliable. There is also the issue of cost and accessibility, as virtual reality technology can be expensive and not all courtrooms may have access to it.

While the use of virtual reality (VR) in criminal trials may seem like a promising solution, implementing it comes with its own set of challenges. Firstly, there is the challenge of cost, as implementing VR technology in courtrooms can be expensive. It may require a considerable amount of investment in equipment, software, and training.⁵

Another challenge is the potential for technical glitches, which could potentially disrupt court proceedings and cause delays. This could be particularly problematic during a high-profile criminal trial. Additionally, there are concerns about the reliability and accuracy of VR evidence. As with any technology, there is a chance that the evidence produced could be

³ Stradford J, Sakhare A, Ravichandran R, Schroeder ET, Michener LA and Pa J, "Conducting a VR Clinical Trial in the Era of COVID-19" (2021) 2 Front. Virtual Real., https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/frvir.2021.639478 viewed 6 April 2023.

⁴ Greengard S, Virtual Reality Goes on Trial, https://cacm.acm.org/news/233065-virtual-reality-goes-on-trial/fulltext viewed 6 April 2023.

⁵ Greengard, n 4.

manipulated or altered to support a particular narrative, leading to questions of authenticity and admissibility in court.

There are also concerns about the impact VR could have on the legal system as a whole. Would it change the way cases are argued and prosecuted? Would it be seen as a threat to the impartiality of the justice system?

IV. POTENTIAL ADVANTAGES

One of the most significant advantages of VR is that it can provide an immersive experience to judges and jurors. Instead of relying solely on witness testimony and photographs, VR can recreate the crime scene and allow the judges and jurors to interact with it in real-time. This can help them gain a better understanding of the facts of the case and make more informed decisions.⁶

Another potential advantage of VR in criminal trials is that it can help reduce the risk of wrongful convictions. By providing a detailed and accurate representation of the crime scene, VR can help judges and jurors evaluate the evidence more effectively. This can help prevent wrongful convictions based on incomplete or inaccurate evidence.

VR can also help reduce the cost and time associated with criminal trials. By eliminating the need to transport witnesses and experts to the courtroom, VR can save time and money. This can help expedite the trial process and reduce the burden on the criminal justice system.

V. THE ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS OF USING VIRTUAL REALITY IN CRIMINAL TRIALS

The use of virtual reality in criminal trials raises various ethical considerations that need to be taken into account. One of the primary concerns is the possibility of manipulating the evidence presented through virtual reality simulations. As virtual reality simulations can be created and edited, the authenticity of the evidence can be questioned, leading to doubts about the veracity of the trial's outcome.

Another ethical consideration is the potential impact of virtual reality simulations on the jurors' emotions and psychological states. Virtual reality simulations attempt to create an immersive experience that can evoke strong emotional responses from the viewers. Jurors may be inclined to make decisions based on emotional responses rather than objective facts, leading to biased

⁶ 27partners» Virtual Reality and the Law, https://www.27partners.com/2017/01/virtual-reality-and-the-law/viewed 6 April 2023.

and unfair verdicts.⁷

Furthermore, the use of virtual reality in criminal trials may also raise concerns about the privacy of the defendants and witnesses. Virtual reality simulations may recreate real-life scenarios and events that involve other individuals who may not have consented to the use of their likeness or personal information. This raises significant privacy concerns that need to be addressed before using virtual reality in criminal trials.

VI. EXPERIENCES IN OTHER COUNTRIES

Virtual reality has been a topic of discussion in the legal industry worldwide, and many countries are exploring its use in criminal trials.

In the United States, virtual reality is being used to recreate crime scenes, allowing jurors to get a better understanding of the events that occurred. Similarly, in the United Kingdom, virtual reality is being used to recreate accidents and provide jury members with a better understanding of the circumstances surrounding the case.⁸

In China, virtual reality is being used to train judges and lawyers, allowing them to gain more experience and exposure to different scenarios. The use of virtual reality has proven to be effective in improving the quality of decision-making and reducing the likelihood of errors.

In Australia, virtual reality is being used in courtrooms to allow witnesses to testify remotely. This has been especially helpful in cases where witnesses are located in remote regions or are unable to attend court due to physical disabilities or health issues.⁹

VII. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE USE OF VIRTUAL REALITY IN CRIMINAL TRIALS IN INDIA

In conclusion, virtual reality has the potential to revolutionize the criminal justice system in India. It can help in presenting evidence in a more realistic and immersive way, which can aid in the decision-making process for judges and juries. However, there are also several legal and ethical implications that must be taken into consideration.

Firstly, there is a need for clear guidelines and regulations on the use of virtual reality in criminal

⁷ Renken J, "Three Examples of Virtual Reality (VR) in the Courtroom", https://foretellreality.com/post/three-example-of-virtual-reality-vr-in-the-courtroom/ viewed 6 April 2023.

⁸ UK Article: How Virtual Reality Is Being Used to Recreate Crime Scenes in the Courtroom, https://witnessdirectory.com/newsdetails/177/uk-article-how-virtual-reality-is-being-used-to-recreate-crime-scenes-in-the-courtroom viewed 6 April 2023.

⁹ Clyde, Cubitt CL-B, Webb T and MacMillan V, Virtual Reality: Are Remote Hearings Too Risky? (28 July 2022) Lexology, https://www.lexology.com/library/detail.aspx?g=7949cbd8-6a6e-4064-87ae-10d347e24fb9 viewed 6 April 2023.

trials in India. This will help in ensuring that the use of virtual reality is fair and impartial, and does not violate the rights of the accused. Secondly, there is a need for more research and development in the field of virtual reality in criminal trials. This will help in improving the technology and making it more reliable and accurate. Lastly, there is a need for training and education for judges, lawyers, and other legal professionals on the use of virtual reality in criminal trials. This will help in ensuring that the technology is used effectively and efficiently and that its potential benefits are maximized. The use of virtual reality in criminal trials in India is still in its nascent stages, but it has the potential to transform the criminal justice system. By addressing the legal and ethical implications, investing in research and development, and providing training and education, India can leverage the power of virtual reality to ensure a fair and just criminal justice system for all.
