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Transforming Inventory Management with Data Analytics: Best Practices for Kitchen, Bathroom, and Travel Accessories

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ABSTRACT

For kitchen, bathroom, and travel accessories companies, the effectiveness of inventory management is critical, in which variations in seasonal demand and a wide range of products as well as changing customer preferences create strategic challenges for inventory management. A proper application of data analytics can be transformed into inventory efficiency solutions, extra stock reduction, and improvement in customer satisfaction in a transformed manner. This paper shall discuss the best practices in managing inventory for such product categories, with a specific focus on how predictive analytics, demand forecasting, and even real-time inventory tracking can optimize stock levels and hence reduce operational costs.

Predictive analytics allows forecasting the changes in demand by time-series analysis with seasonal, calendar, and external influences, such that the availability of stock at the company can accurately correspond to the consumers' demand at any point in time. It saves a company from overstock and stockouts, reduces holding costs, and order fulfilment is raised to maximum levels. The real-time tracking provided by IoT technologies and integration enhances the visibility of inventory across different locations of storage, thereby raising timely response actions to disruption in the supply chain.

This paper further talks about the role of data insight in sparking timely restocking so that a delay is avoided and a constant flow of the supply chain is maintained. Using data-driven practices can further help waste reduction optimize warehouse space, reduce time and cost associated with managing inventory, and so on. Adoption of these data analytics-driven best practices by companies would certainly enable those firms to realize ample improvements in inventory accuracy, operational efficiency, and the overall customer experience in the kitchen, bathroom, and travel accessories market.

Keywords: Inventory Optimization, Data-Driven Demand Forecasting.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Inventory management, therefore, has evolved from simple stock tracking to a more dataintensive discipline critical to businesses operating in the kitchen, bathroom, and travel accessories industries, in which supply chains tend to experience unpredictable fluctuations in demand and huge numbers of totally different products. In such industries, inventory management directly depends on profitability, customer satisfaction, and operational efficiency. Data analytics enable companies nowadays to make better-informed decisions, drawing on the analysis of past sales trends, seasonal patterns, and real-time data. Predictive analytics also allows for better demand forecasting, thereby overcoming overstock and stockouts that are causes of lost sales or stored costs.

With the assistance of data-driven approaches, inventory levels can be more accurate, which will prove to be very helpful in dealing with companies that handle various high-volume products. Real-time tracking by the use of IoT and RFID will provide immediate visibility into the status of stock across warehouses, stores, and distribution centres, and this can instantaneously respond to any changes due to variations in demand or supply. Further, automated reordering systems guided by data insights streamline procurements, trigger restocks at exactly needed times, reduce lead times, and improve stock availability.

It also optimizes space utilization and operations efficiency in warehouses by improving product positioning and movement, thus cutting down storage and time-handling costs. Such firms in sectors of kitchen, bathroom, and travel accessories organizations benefit from such data-driven approaches because it allows them to better align their inventory with the marketplace's demand, thus owning the marketplace through proper cost reduction, better customer service, and fast changes in market forces. In general, data analytics would be the crown jewel for the effective transformation of inventory management and driving smart, efficient operations in both industries.

A. Review of Literature

Choi et al. (2018), the integration of advanced analytics allows companies to predict demand more accurately by examining historical data and recognizing patterns in sales. This leads to improved inventory turnover and reduced stockouts, ultimately enhancing customer satisfaction.

Xu et al. (2020) emphasize the role of real-time data monitoring in maintaining optimal stock levels, with technologies such as IoT and RFID enabling continuous inventory tracking and automated reordering processes.

Govindan et al. (2019) supports the assertion that the use of data analytics reduces waste and associated costs by highlighting slow-moving inventory and informing targeted promotions. This is especially relevant for sectors like travel accessories, where seasonal shifts can significantly impact sales.

Lee and Kim (2021) further underscore the importance of integrating predictive analytics tools that help forecast demand based on both internal sales data and external factors such as weather and local events, a practice crucial for kitchen and bathroom products that experience varying seasonal demand.

B. Objective

- Improve demand forecasting through in-depth analyses of purchase habits, seasonal trends, and regional preferences.
- This involves managing and streamlining the stock levels to avoid overstock and stockouts, implying that popular items will always be available and not in excess.
- Improve the visibility of the supply chain to ensure that it will track, in real-time, and develop faster responses to any kind of disruption to the supply.
- By employing data analytics, for instance, one understands the preferences of the customers and, thereafter, selects the appropriate inventory according to trends within kitchen, bathroom, and travel accessories.
- To find the relationship between data analytics usage and future plans and expectations.

C. Research Methodology

Research methodology for studying this research includes identifying the appropriate research design, sampling method, data collection tool, and analysis tool.

D. Research Design

This involves the application of transforming inventory management with data analytics. The researcher collects historic sales data, inventory records, and supplier lead time. Through data analytics tools, trends and patterns are determined, and through predictive models, the demand can be estimated. Optimization techniques will be used in the determination of the appropriate levels of inventory. The framework is built and tested to ensure that it tracks the optimization of the levels of inventories, waste reduction, and improvement in customer satisfaction. This study will thus provide operative insights into managing the inventory, making the operations more efficient, and satisfying the customers through data-driven decision-making. This increases competitiveness and saves cost-cutting.

E. Research Model and Hypothesis

The three stages of the research model for transforming inventory management are Data Collection, Data Analysis, and Implementation. The Data Collection involves acquiring sales data, inventory, and supplier lead times. Data Analysis deals with the application of predictive analytics and optimization techniques to identify possible patterns and trends and to find optimal levels of inventories. In the Implementation stage, the proposed inventory management framework is implemented and measured in its effectiveness in optimizing levels of inventory, reduction of waste, and customer satisfaction.

F. Sampling Method

Online surveys will be used to collect data from the sample of consumers and In-store interviews will be used to collect data from consumers who prefer to respond in person.

G. Sample Size

A sample size of 100 consumers has been selected for the study.

H. Tools for Data Collection

All these different tools have been applied to collect data, such as the online or paper questionnaires the structured or semi-structured conversations. Observations include systematically recording behaviours and interactions.

I. Statistical Tools

Statistical tools are applied to get findings and average information in logical sequence from the collected data. After tabulating data, research was carried out with the following quantitative techniques.

- Correlation
- One-way ANOVA

II. DATA VISUALIZATION

1. The majority of the population in the sample falls within the age groups of 33-37 (36%),
2. The majority of respondents are from Urban areas, comprising 42% of the sample
3. The majority of respondents have an income level in the 30,001-40,000 range, making up 64% of the sample.
4. The majority of respondents are Employed, accounting for 61% of the sample.

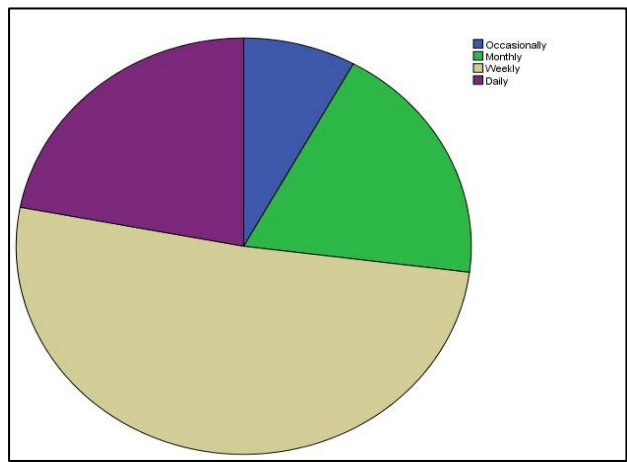


Fig 1: The chart showing the times often the respondents review and adjust inventory levels.

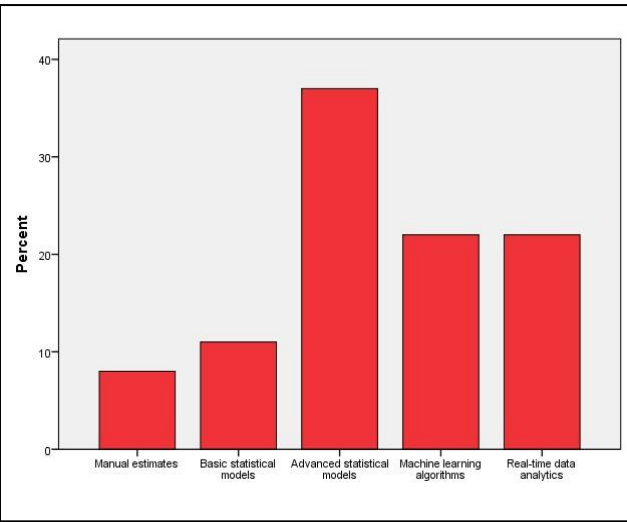


Fig 2: The chart showing how do the respondent 's currently forecast demand for products

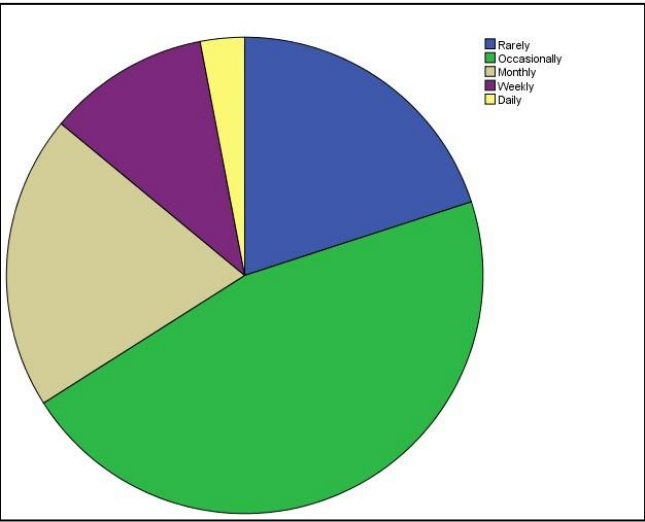


Fig 3: The chart showing how frequently do the respondent 's use data analytics to inform inventory decisions.

	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
Spreadsheets	11	11
Statistical software	17	17
Data visualization tools	22	22
Machine learning platforms	26	26
Other	24	24
TOTAL	100	100

Fig 4: The table showing the data analytics tools which the respondent's currently using for inventory management.

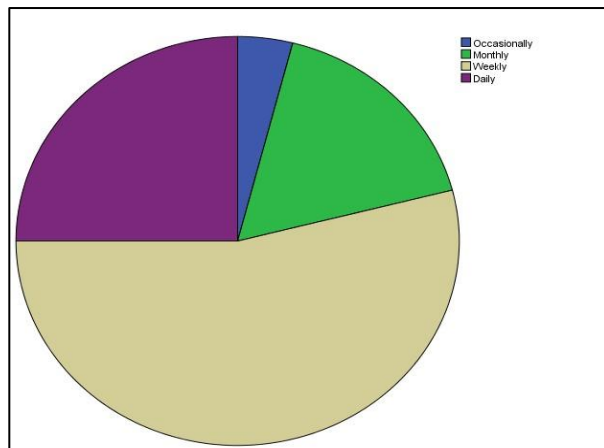


Fig 5: The chart showing the respondent's experience stockouts or overstocking.

	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
Neutral	6	6
Somewhat accurate	68	68
Very accurate	26	26
TOTAL	100	100

Fig 6: The table showing how would respondent's rate the accuracy of your current demand forecasting.

CORRELATIONS

Correlations			
		DAU	FPE
DAU	Pearson Correlation	1	.193
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.055
	N	100	100
FPE	Pearson Correlation	.193	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.055	
	N	100	100

ONE WAY ANOVA

CMP

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	6.494	2	3.247	1.217	.301
Within Groups	258.746	97	2.667		
Total	265.240	99			

III. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

High accuracy in forecasting: Predictive analytics increases the accuracy of forecasting so that companies can have a better sense of the demand.

Better Control of Inventories: With real-time analysis of data, inventories are kept in balance at all times, particularly on high-demand products and seasonal items.

Agile Supply Chain: With real-time tracking and transparency, this can enable faster responses in the supply chain and therefore minimize the lead times to improve flexibility.

With customer insights, targeted inventory translates to better availability of products aligned with demand, thus ensuring maximum customer satisfaction.

Huge Cost Savings: Data-driven inventory management leads to the reduction of holding and transportation costs, hence providing a measurable competitive advantage.

IV. CONCLUSION

The implementation of data analytics for change in the management of stock streams turns out to be a game-changer approach for companies specializing in accessories for the kitchen, bathroom, and travel. The integration of data-driven strategies takes forecasts to a greater level and the optimum levels of stock, and the supply chains get the transparent approach, and customers' behaviour is profoundly understood while analysing the demand based on their preference, and thus an inventory approach would be made for better customer satisfaction and focused on the product, ending up in an effective outcome. With these advanced technologies like AI, machine learning, and IoT integrated, it will ensure real-time monitoring and proactive decision-making and, therefore, cost-effective operation. Therefore, businesses can better manage their inventory with agile flow, reduce their operational costs, and remain agile within dynamic market environments. Last but not least, data analytics will allow businesses to align their inventory management practices with today's market-based demands for improvement in operational efficiency and competitiveness. This is not a trend but the direction companies are taking to be effective, reduce waste, and provide customers with what they have ordered at the right time in a fast-paced and demand-driven world.

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